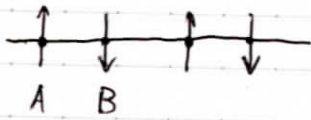
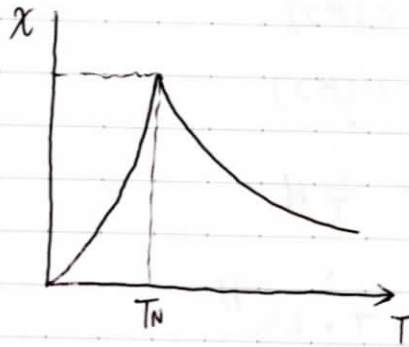


## 2.9 反強磁性

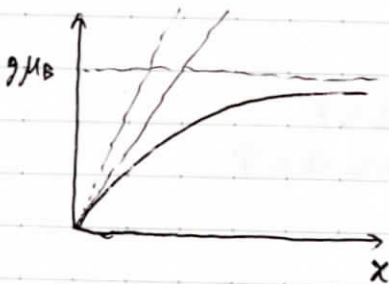


$$\langle M_A \rangle = -\langle M_B \rangle = \langle M \rangle$$



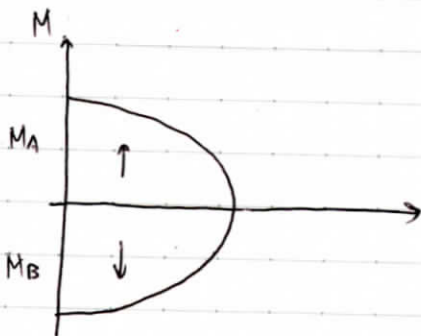
$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} 2 J_{AF} S_i \cdot S_j \\
 &= \sum_j \frac{2z J_{AF}}{(g\mu_B)^2} \langle M_i \rangle M_j \\
 &= \underbrace{\left[ \sum_j \frac{2z J_{AF}}{(g\mu_B)^2} \langle M \rangle \right]}_{H_{\text{eff}}} M_j
 \end{aligned}$$

強磁性と等価



$$\chi = \frac{g\mu_B S H_{\text{eff}}}{k_B T}$$

$$k_B T_{N m} = \frac{2}{3} J z S(S+1)$$



$$\begin{aligned}\langle M \rangle &= \chi (H + H_{\text{eff}}) \\ &= \chi (H - \lambda \langle M \rangle) \\ &= \frac{c}{T} (H - \lambda \langle M \rangle)\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{c\lambda}{T}\right) \langle M \rangle = \frac{c}{T} H$$

$$\langle M \rangle = \frac{c}{T + c\lambda} H$$

$$\chi = \frac{c}{T + c\lambda} \quad \text{キュリー-ワイス則}$$

$$c = \frac{g^2 \mu_B^2 S(S+1)}{3k_B}, \quad \lambda = \frac{2zJ}{(g\mu_B)^2}$$

$$c\lambda = \frac{2zJS(S+1)}{3k_B} = T_{Nm}$$

$$M_q = \frac{1}{N} \sum_j M_j e^{iq \cdot r_j}$$

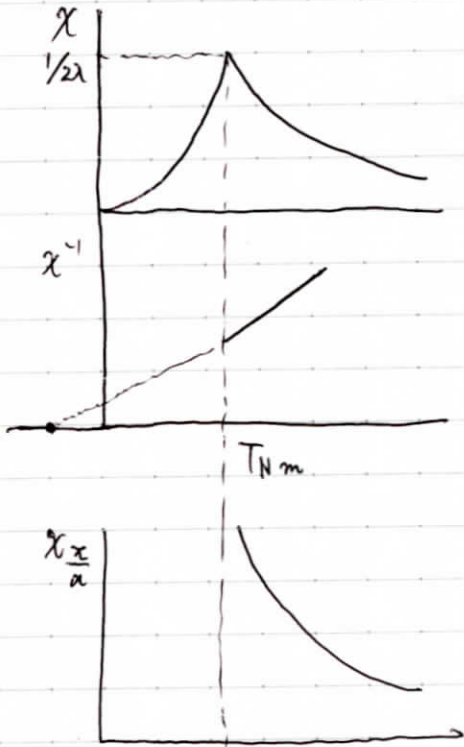
$$H_q = H_{q0} e^{iq \cdot r_j}$$

$$\chi = \frac{M_q}{H_q}$$

$q=0$  一様磁化率

$q = \frac{\pi}{a}$  反強磁性磁化率

$$\chi\left(\frac{\pi}{a}\right) \rightarrow \infty \quad \text{at } T_{Nm}$$



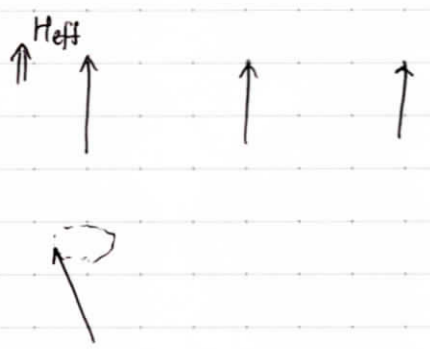
$\Leftarrow H_x$



$$H = 2\lambda M_x$$

$$\frac{M_x}{H_x} = \frac{1}{2\lambda} \quad \text{— 定}$$

2.10 スピン波



$$\hbar \frac{d\mathcal{S}_i}{dt} = M_i \times H_{\text{eff}} \quad \frac{M}{g\mu_B} = \mathcal{S}$$

$$= g\mu_B \mathcal{S}_i \times \frac{2zJ}{g\mu_B} (\mathcal{S}_{i-1} + \mathcal{S}_{i+1})$$

$$= 2zJ (\mathcal{S}_i \times \mathcal{S}_{i-1} + \mathcal{S}_i \times \mathcal{S}_{i+1})$$

$$\mathcal{S}_i = \mathcal{S}_0 + \delta\mathcal{S}_i$$

$$\hbar \frac{d\delta\mathcal{S}_i}{dt} = 2zJ \{ (\delta\mathcal{S}_i - \delta\mathcal{S}_{i-1}) \times \mathcal{S}_0 + (\delta\mathcal{S}_i - \delta\mathcal{S}_{i+1}) \times \mathcal{S}_0 \}$$

$$\delta\mathcal{S}_i = A_q e^{i(q \cdot ia - \omega t)}$$

$$-i\hbar\omega A_q = 2zJ (2 - e^{iqa} - e^{-iqa}) A_q \times \mathcal{S}_0$$

$$= 4zJ (1 - \cos qa) A_q \times \mathcal{S}_0$$

$$A_q = a(e_x - ie_y)$$

$$-i\hbar\omega = -i 4zJ \mathcal{S} (1 - \cos qa) \quad ; \quad e_x \parallel z \parallel \tau$$

$$\hbar\omega = 4zJ \mathcal{S} (1 - \cos qa)$$

